

BIODEGRADABLE (KITCHEN) WASTE



plant trimmings
tissue soiled with food
tea bags

vegetable peel
fruit peel
egg shells
left over food

RECYCLABLE (DRY) WASTE

<p>PLASTIC (must be rinsed)</p> <p>plastic bags plastic bottles broken plastic toys empty plastic containers chips and toffee wrappers plastic gift wrapping plastic cups and glasses</p>	<p>PAPER</p> <p>junk mail dry paper magazines old newspaper rinsed paper cups and plates empty tetrapak containers cardboard empty cartons pizza boxes</p>
<p>GLASS (must be rinsed)</p> <p>glass bottles glass jars broken glass (in paper bag)</p>	<p>METAL (must be rinsed)</p> <p>foil containers pots and pans empty food containers broken household metal</p>
<p>ELECTRONIC WASTE</p> <p>batteries wires CD/DVD broken electronic toys bulbs tube lights</p>	

REJECT WASTE

<p>BATHROOM WASTE</p> <p>diapers sanitary napkins condoms human hair animal waste</p>	<p>HOUSEHOLD WASTE</p> <p>old shoes old clothes thermocool/ styrofoam cups, plates, etc</p>
<p>KITCHEN REJECTS</p> <p>cloth rags old mops dusters sponge broken crockery</p>	

TIPS FOR EASY SEGREGATION



Hang the recycle bags on a hook behind the door or on the wall and you are ready to go

Only Kitchen plastic and paper need more attention

Clean and rinse soiled kitchen plastic and hang them with a clip for drying. They are then easy to drop into your recycle bag.

Dry any wet, damp paper before dropping them into your recycle bag

Throw out and rinse any liquid in the bottles/cans before storing them. eg. Sauces, Drinks etc.

Open up paper packing boxes and collapse them, they are then easy to store and your recycle bag will not overflow. eg. Toothpaste, Soap, Sachets, Shoe boxes, Pizza boxes, Sweet/Cake boxes.

Daily house dust (collected after sweeping), non-veg food and bones and human/pet hair can be dropped into the reject/toxic waste bin.



A public interest initiative of the Solid Waste Management Round Table supported by KSPCB

BIO RECYCLE REJECT